**Growth, Migration of Labor and**

**The Role of Multinationals**

 Economic growth is seen as the increase in the inflation-adjusted market value of the goods and services produced by an economy over time. Statisticians conventionally measure such growth as the percent rate of increase in real gross domestic product.

 Economic growth is closely related to human and labor migration. The migration of skilled workers could contribute to the stock of the human capital through the practical experience with movement. This contribution is often likely to have a positive effect on economic growth by increasing labor productivity and leading to a higher level of output. This kind of issues is likely to be noticed in multinational companies.

 A multinational corporation (MNC) is usually a large corporation incorporated in one country which produces or sells goods or services in various countries. The two main characteristics of MNCs are their large size and the fact that their worldwide activities are centrally controlled by the parent companies.

***1) - Reading Comprehension:***

**Activity 01**: Answer the following questions from the text:

1-How do statisticians measure the economic growth?

2- What is the relationship between economic growth and labor migration?

3- What are the main features of MNCS?

4-How is economic growth defined?

**Activity 02**: Find in the text words that are closest in meaning to the following:

Products = …………… Different=……………….

Type = ……………. Influence=……………..

**Activity 03**: Find in the text words that are opposite in meaning to the following:

Small =/= …………… Decrease=/=…………….

International=/= …………. Buys=/=……………

***2) - Text Exploration:***

**Activity**: Give the meaning of words or group of words in Arabic:

Unemployment:…...……………

Economic growth:……...……….

Worldwide activities: …….....…

Statisticians:……………...........

Multinational Corporation: …....…

Job: ……………………....

Inflation: ………………….

Productivity: ……………........